

EPA Chemical Resistance Category Selection Chart

For use when PPE section on pesticide label lists a chemical resistance category

Selection Category Listed on Pesticide Label	Type of Personal Protective Material							
	Barrier Laminate	Butyl Rubber > or = 14 mils	Nitrile Rubber > or = 14 mils	Neoprene Rubber > or = 14 mils	Natural Rubber* > or = 14 mils	Polyethylene	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) > or = 14 mils	Viton > or = 14 mils
A	high	high	high	high	high	high	high	high
В	high	high	slight	slight	none	slight	slight	slight
C	high	high	high	high	moderate	moderate	high	high
D	high	high	moderate	moderate	none	none	none	slight
E	high	slight	high	high	slight	none	moderate	high
F	high	high	high	moderate	slight	none	slight	high
G	high	slight	slight	slight	none	none	none	high
H	high	slight	slight	slight	none	none	none	high

^{*} includes natural rubber blends and laminates

A: Dry and water based formulations (Gramoxone 2.0 SL)

B: Ketones, such as acetone (Avid 0.15 EC)

C: Alcohol (Dylox 420 SL)

D: Acetates (Astro)

E: Aliphatic petroleum distillates (Sevin SL)

F: Aromatic petroleum distillates < 40% (Dimethoate 4E, Chemnova)

G: Aromatic petroleum distillates > 40% (Chlorpyrifos 4E, Drexel)

H: Halogenated Hydrocarbons (Chloropicrin 100, Cardinal)

HIGH: Highly chemical-resistant. Clean or replace PPE at end of each day's work period. Rinse off pesticides at rest breaks.

MODERATE: Moderately chemical-resistant. Clean or replace PPE within an hour or two of contact.

SLIGHT: Slightly chemical-resistant. Clean or replace PPE within 10 minutes of contact.

NONE: No chemical-resistance. Do not wear this type of material as PPE when contact is possible.

Reference: EPA, "Labeling Review Manual-Chapter 10: Worker Protection Labeling, EPA Chemical Resistance Category Selection Chart."

